Elements of Learning and Extension teaching Methods

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Extension is an educational process for bringing about the maximum number of desirable changes among the people.

which involves both learning & teaching & needs some tools or methods commonly known as extension-teaching methods.

It is, therefore, necessary here to understand what is meant by learning, teaching & extension methods.
An effective learning situation requires the following essential elements:

- An instructor (an extension worker, e.g. an extension officer or a village-level worker).
- Learners (the farmers, the farm women & the youth).
- Subject-matter (the recommended improved practices, such as the seeds of high-yielding varieties, fertilisers, balanced diet, etc.)
- Teaching material, such as a flannel-board, a black-board, charts, models, samples, slides, film strips, etc.
- Physical facilities, such as sitting accommodation, good visibility, etc.
Learning and its Element

- 'Learning' is the process by which an individual, through his own activity, attains a change in his behaviour.
- It is an active process on the part of the learner.
- The essential role of an extension worker is to create effective 'learning situations'.
The extension-teaching methods are the tools & techniques used to create situations in which communication can take place between the rural people & the extension workers.

They are the methods of extending new knowledge & skills to the rural people by drawing their attention towards them, arousing their interest & helping them to have a successful experience of the new practice. A proper understanding of these methods & their selection for a particular type of work are necessary.
Classification of extension teaching methods

A) ACCORDING TO USE

- One way of classifying the extension methods is according to their use & nature of contact. In other words, whether they are used for contacting people individually, in groups or in masses. Based upon the nature of contact, they are divided into individual, group & mass-contact methods.

- **Individual-contact method** - Extension methods under this category provide opportunities for face-to-face or person-to-person contact between the rural people & the extension workers. These methods are very effective in teaching new skills & creating goodwill between farmers & the extension workers.

- **Group-contact methods** - Under this category, the rural people or farmers are contacted in a group which usually consists of 20 to 25 persons. These groups are usually formed around a common interest. These methods also involve a face-to-face contact with the people & provide an opportunity for the exchange of ideas, for discussions on problems & technical recommendations & finally for deciding the future course of action.

- **Mass or community-contact method** - An extension worker has to approach a large number of people for disseminating a new information & helping them to use it. This can be done through mass-contact methods conveniently. These methods are more useful for making people aware of the new agricultural technology quickly.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Individual contacts</th>
<th>Group contacts</th>
<th>Mass contacts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Farm &amp; home visits</td>
<td>Method demonstration &amp; result demonstration</td>
<td>Bulletins</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Office calls</td>
<td>National demonstration leader-training meetings</td>
<td>Leaflets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Telephone calls</td>
<td>Conferences &amp; discussion meetings &amp; workshops</td>
<td>Circular letters &amp; radio</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Personal letters</td>
<td>Field trips</td>
<td>Television, exhibitions, fairs, posters</td>
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B) ACCORDING TO FORM

Extension-teaching methods are also classified according to their forms, such as written, spoken & audio-visual.

Some of the important methods under each of these 3 categories are given

- WRITTEN
- SPOKEN
- VISUAL
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.N.o.</th>
<th>Written</th>
<th>Spoken</th>
<th>Objective or visual</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bulletins</td>
<td>General &amp; special meetings</td>
<td>Result demonstration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Leaflets, folders, News articles</td>
<td>Farm &amp; home visits</td>
<td>Demonstration posters</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Personal letters</td>
<td>Official calls</td>
<td>Motion-picture or movies, charts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Circular letters</td>
<td>Telephone calls, radio</td>
<td>Slides &amp; film-strips, models, exhibits</td>
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References

THANKS